1056-20-1740 Keith Michael Jones* (kjones@math.binghamton.edu), 21 Andrea Dr. apt A, Vestal, NY 13850. An introduction to the Bieri-Neumann-Strebel Invariant for finitely generated groups.

For a finitely generated group G, the Bieri-Neumann-Strebel invariant is a topological invariant $\Sigma^1(G)$ that provides a measure of "connectedness with respect to direction" in the Cayley graph. Among other applications, $\Sigma^1(G)$ can be used to determine whether the kernel of a homomorphism from G to an abelian group is finitely generated. In their 1987 paper, Bieri, Neumann, and Strebel introduced the invariant, along with a compelling application in the form of the following theorem:

Theorem. If a finitely presented group G has no nonabelian free subgroups and $rk_{\mathbb{Z}}(G^{ab}) \geq 2$, then there is a short exact sequence $N \hookrightarrow G \twoheadrightarrow \mathbb{Z}$, where N is finitely generated.

I will introduce Σ^1 and sketch the proof this theorem. (Received September 22, 2009)