

1023-Z1-1830

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We explore several properties of rectangular mazes. For integers m and n both greater than one, we define a $m \times n$ maze as a graph G that satisfies the following 3 properties: (i) G has vertex set $[0, 1, \dots, m] \times [0, 1, \dots, n]$; (ii) G consists of two trees; (iii) one tree has a path that sequentially connects $(0, 0), (0, 1), \dots, (0, n), (1, n), \dots, (m-1, n)$, and the other tree has a path that sequentially connects $(1, 0), (2, 0), \dots, (m, 0), (m, 1), \dots, (m, n)$. We illustrate a systematic construction of rectangular mazes, count the number of mazes for some m and n , relate the counts to different mathematical objects, and present several other results about rectangular mazes. (Received September 26, 2006)