1147-57-698 Reiko Shinjo\* (reiko@kokushikan.ac.jp), Kokushikan University, School of Science and Engineering, 4-28-1 Setagaya, Setagaya-ku, Tokyo 154-8515, Japan, and Kokoro Tanaka (kotanaka@u-gakugei.ac.jp), Tokyo Gakugei University, Department of Mathematics, 4-1-1 Nukuikitamachi, Koganei-shi, Tokyo 184-8501, Japan. An extension of Jeong's theorem from knot theoretical viewpoint.

The number  $f_i$  of the *i*-gons of a knot diagram on the 2 sphere satisfying the equation  $\sum_{i=2}^{\infty} (4-i)f_i = 8 \cdots$  (\*), which follows from the well-known Euler's formula. In this talk, we give a partial answer to the following problem: For any knot K and every sequence of non-negative integers  $\{f_2, f_3, f_5, f_6, \ldots, f_n\}$  satisfying the equation (\*), does there exist an integer  $f_4$  and a knot projection of K that has exactly  $f_k$  k-gons for all  $2 \le k \le n$ ? Our result is an extension of Jeong's theorem in graph theory. (Received January 28, 2019)