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**Chris Porter**. *The extraction rate of Turing functionals*. Preliminary report.

The goal of this talk is to discuss recent work on the extraction rate of Turing functionals. Roughly, the extraction rate of a Turing functional  $\Phi$  that computes a sequence  $X$  from a sequence  $Y$  is the limit supremum over  $n$  of the ratio of the number of bits of  $X$  output by  $\Phi$  given  $n$  bits of  $Y$  as input. We will make this definition precise, using the notion of a canonical generator for a Turing functional. We will then turn to calculating the extraction rate of specific Turing functionals, most prominently, the Levin-Kautz conversion procedure that converts biased randomness to unbiased randomness, where the biased randomness is defined in terms of a computable, shift-invariant ergodic measure. We will also consider the extraction rate of random functions on Cantor space. (Received January 25, 2019)