1154-83-1305Arthur E Fischer* (aef@ucsc.edu), Department of Mathematics, University of California, Santa
Cruz, CA 95064. Friedmann's Equation and the Creation of the Universe.

We model the universe by the spatially flat ACDM (Lambda Cold Dark Matter) dimensionless scale factor

$$a_{\Lambda \text{CDM}}(t) = \left(\frac{\Omega_{m,0}}{\Omega_{\Lambda,0}}\right)^{1/3} \left(\sinh\left(\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{\Omega_{\Lambda,0}} H_0 t\right)\right)^{2/3}$$

which we time-globalize to all $t \in (\infty, \infty)$. This scale factor is C^{∞} and solves Friedmann's equation for all $t \neq 0$ and is continuous with a cusp singularity at the big bang at t = 0. The resulting model is an all-time time-symmetrical zeroenergy single-bounce model of the universe, which shows that encoded in Friedmann's equation is the prediction that the universe (1) existed before the big bang during the negative time epoch $(-\infty, 0)$; (2) asymptotically approaches de Sitter vacuum spacetime dS_4 as $t \to \pm \infty$; and (3) was created asymptotically from nothing at $t = -\infty$ and dies asymptotically to nothing at $t = +\infty$, with the time-globalized ACDM model interpolating between the initial and final asymptotic infinitely diluted vacuum states. Our results show that much can be said classically about the birth, big bang, and death of the universe before one needs to reach for quantum gravitational effects. (Received September 17, 2019)