## 1145-68-547 **Owen Levin\*** (levin453@umn.edu). Approximation Algorithms for Network Connectivity. Preliminary report.

The problem discussed is to connect<sup>\*</sup> a set of initially disconnected<sup>\*</sup> points as quickly as possible. Assuming all points move at the same speed, this amounts to minimizing the maximum distance traveled. We give two new algorithms that outperform the state-of-the-art from the literature and a number of results bounding their optimality.

Let d(p,q) denote the Euclidean distance between  $p, q \in \mathbb{R}^2$ . Then given P, a set of n distinct points in  $\mathbb{R}^2$ , define the r-disk graph, G(P,r) to be the weighted graph with vertex set P and edges between all  $p, q \in P$  with  $d(p,q) \leq r$  with weights equal to d(p,q).

\* We call P connected when G(P, 1) is a connected graph, and disconnected otherwise. (Received September 09, 2018)