

1145-39-1032

Robert J Sacker* (rsacker@usc.edu), University of Southern California, Mathematics
Department KAP 104, 3620 S Vermont Ave, Los Angeles, CA 90064. *Bifurcation in the Almost
Periodic Ricker Map*. Preliminary report.

It was shown in an earlier publication that the Ricker equation with Almost Periodic coefficient with finitely generated frequency module and with average value lying in $(0, 2)$ has Almost Periodic solutions lying on a torus \mathcal{T} of the same dimension as the (finite) number of independent generators of the frequency module of the coefficient. The hull H of the coefficient is itself a torus homeomorphic to \mathcal{T} and isomorphic to \mathcal{T} as an Abelian group.

In this paper we find a bifurcation function and show that if the magnitude of the oscillatory part of the coefficient is increased and the average part is then increased above a bifurcation curve a pair of tori bifurcate, each of which is invariant under the composition of two Ricker maps in sequence and enjoys all the properties as in the pre-bifurcation case. In addition we show all the tori discussed above are C^1 smooth.

It is also surprising to notice that the stability interval $(0, 2)$ is increased as the magnitude of the oscillatory part of the coefficient is increased. Finally the case of a frequency module that is infinitely generated is treated. (Received September 18, 2018)