## 1145-11-1852Dmitry Kleinbock\* (kleinboc@brandeis.edu), Department of Mathematics, Waltham, MA<br/>02454. Is one-dimensional Diophantine approximation all about continued fractions?

Our experience seems to suggest an affirmative answer to the question in the title. In the first half of the talk I will describe recent work with Nick Wadleigh where we, capitalizing on results of Davenport and Schmidt, define  $\psi$ -Dirichlet real numbers  $\alpha$  (those which satisfy an improvement of Dirichlet's theorem with  $\psi$  in the right hand side) and express this property via the continued fraction expansion of  $\alpha$ . This implies a precise condition for the set of  $\psi$ -Dirichlet numbers to have zero or full measure.

In the second part however I will describe a simple modification of the  $\psi$ -Dirichlet property which does not reduce to continued fractions – yet it still can be understood using dynamics of the geodesic flow on the unit tangent bundle to the modular surface. A corresponding zero-one law can be deduced from a dynamical Borel-Cantelli lemma due to Maucourant. This is work in progress joint with Anurag Rao. (Received September 24, 2018)