1145-11-1529 Sarah Peluse* (speluse@stanford.edu). Bounds for sets without polynomial progressions. Let $P_1, \ldots, P_m \in \mathbb{Z}[y]$ be polynomials with zero constant term. Bergelson and Leibman's generalization of Szemerédi's theorem to polynomial progressions states that any $A \subset [N]$ lacking nontrivial progressions of the form $x, x+P_1(y), \ldots, x+P_m(y)$ satisfies |A| = o(N). Proving quantitative bounds in the Bergelson–Leibman theorem is a difficult generalization of the problem of proving reasonable quantitative bounds in Szemerédi's theorem, and results are known in only a very small number of special cases. In this talk, I will discuss recent progress on this problem, including work of mine on long polynomial progressions in finite fields and work of mine with Sean Prendiville on the progression $x, x + y, x + y^2$ in the integers. (Received September 23, 2018)