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**Carl Jockusch\*** (jockusch@math.uiuc.edu), Department of Mathematics, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign. *Imperfect algorithms, asymptotic density, and Turing degrees.*

I will consider partial algorithms for subsets of  $\omega$  which answer correctly on a set of (asymptotic) density 1. A set  $A \subseteq \omega$  is said to be *generically computable* if there is a partial computable function  $\varphi$  which agrees with  $A$  on its domain and has a domain of density 1. A set  $A \subseteq \omega$  is said to be *coarsely computable* if there is a (total) computable function  $f$  which agrees with  $A$  on a set of density 1. I will consider the Turing degrees of sets which have various Boolean combinations of these properties. I will also discuss the corresponding weaker notions where “density 1” is weakened to “lower density at least  $r$ ” for a given real number  $r$  in the unit interval. This leads to two natural assignments of real numbers in the unit interval to subsets of  $\omega$  and to Turing degrees, corresponding to the weakened versions of generic and coarse computability. I will look at the relationship between these two assignments and their respective ranges. This is joint work with a number of people, including Uri Andrews, Mingzhong Cai, David Diamondstone, Rod Downey, Denis Hirschfeldt, Steffen Lempp, Tim McNicholl, and Paul Schupp. (Received September 10, 2015)