Raphael Yuster* (raphy@math.haifa.ac.il), Department of Mathematics, University of Haifa, 31905 Haifa, Israel. Rainbow decompositions.
A rainbow coloring of a graph is a coloring of the edges with distinct colors. We prove the following extension of Wilson's Theorem. For every integer $k$ there exists an $n_{0}=n_{0}(k)$ so that for all $n>n_{0}$, if $n \bmod k(k-1) \in\{1, k\}$ then every properly edge-colored $K_{n}$ contains $\binom{n}{2} /\binom{k}{2}$ pairwise edge-disjoint rainbow copies of $K_{k}$.

The proof uses, as a main ingredient, a double application of the probabilistic method. (Received September 06, 2007)

