1035-05-405Raphael Yuster* (raphy@math.haifa.ac.il), Department of Mathematics, University of Haifa,
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A rainbow coloring of a graph is a coloring of the edges with distinct colors. We prove the following extension of Wilson's Theorem. For every integer k there exists an $n_0 = n_0(k)$ so that for all $n > n_0$, if $n \mod k(k-1) \in \{1, k\}$ then every properly edge-colored K_n contains $\binom{n}{2} / \binom{k}{2}$ pairwise edge-disjoint rainbow copies of K_k .

The proof uses, as a main ingredient, a double application of the probabilistic method. (Received September 06, 2007)