2007 Annual Survey of the Mathematical Sciences

(First Report, Part II)

Report on the 2007–2008 Faculty Salaries

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This report of the 2007 Annual Survey provides information on the distribution of 2007-2008 academic-year salaries for tenured and tenure-track faculty at four-year mathematical sciences departments in the U.S. The information is gathered from departments using a questionnaire initially distributed in June of 2007. This year's salary report includes, for the first time, separate reporting on the salaries of newly appointed tenure-track assistant professors. This report has traditionally appeared as part of the First Report of the Annual Survey, published in recent years in the February issue of Notices of the American Mathematical Society.

The 2007 Annual Survey represents the fifty-first in an annual series begun in 1957 by the American Mathematical Society. The 2007 Survey is under the direction of the Data Committee, a joint committee of the American Mathematical Society, the American Statistical Association, the Institute of Mathematical Statistics, the Mathematical Association of America, and the Society of Industrial and Applied Mathematics. The current members of this committee are Richard Cleary, Amy Cohen-Corwin, Richard M. Dudley, John W. Hagood, Abbe H. Herzig, Donald R. King, David J. Lutzer, James W. Maxwell (ex officio), Bart Ng, Polly Phipps (chair), David E. Rohrlich, and Henry Schenck. The committee is assisted by AMS survey analyst Colleen A. Rose. Comments or suggestions regarding this Survey Report may be directed to the committee.

Polly Phipps is a senior research statistician with the Bureau of Labor Statistics. James W. Maxwell is AMS associate executive director for special projects. Colleen A. Rose is AMS survey analyst.

Faculty Salary Survey

The charts on the following pages describe the distribution of academic-year salaries for tenured and tenure-track faculty in each of the departmental groupings used in the Annual Survey. Salaries are described separately by rank, and for the first time, salaries for newly appointed (tenure-track) assistant professors are profiled separately. Salaries are reported in current dollars. Results reported here are based on the departments which responded to the survey with no adjustment for non-response.

Table 1 provides the departmental response rates for the 2007 Faculty Salary Survey. Departments were asked to report for each rank the number of tenured and tenure-track faculty whose

Table 1: Faculty Salary Response Rates

Department	Number	Percent
Group I (Public)	23 of 25	92
Group I (Private)	16 of 23	70
Group II	43 of 56	77
Group III	56 of 74	76
Group IV (Statistics)	39 of 55	71
Group IV (Biostatistics)	17 of 32	53
Group Va	8 of 18*	44
Group M	102 of 189	54
Group B	330 of 1035	32

^{*} The population for Group Va is slightly less than for the Doctorates Granted Survey, because two programs do not formally "house" faculty and their salaries.



2007-08 Academic-Year Salaries (in thousands of dollars)



2007-08 Academic-Year Salaries (in thousands of dollars)



2007-08 Academic-Year Salaries (in thousands of dollars)



2007-08 Academic-Year Salaries (in thousands of dollars)



2007-08 Academic-Year Salaries (in thousands of dollars)





*Includes new hires and is comparable to previous years' figures.

2007-08 academic-year salaries fell within given salary intervals. Reporting salary data in this fashion eliminates some of the concerns about confidentiality but does not permit determination of actual quartiles. Although the actual quartiles cannot be determined from the data gathered, these quartiles have been estimated assuming that the density over each interval is uniform.

When comparing current and prior year figures, one should keep in mind that differences in the set of responding departments may be a significant factor in the change in the reported mean salaries.

Previous Annual Survey Reports

The 2006 First, Second, and Third Annual Survey Reports were published in the Notices of the AMS in the February, August, and November 2007 issues respectively. These reports and earlier reports, as well as a wealth of other information from these surveys, are available on the AMS website at www. ams.org/employment/surveyreports.html.

Acknowledgments

The Annual Survey attempts to provide an accurate appraisal and analysis of various aspects of the academic mathematical sciences scene for the use and benefit of the community and for filling the information needs of the professional organizations. Every year, college and university departments in the United States are invited to respond. The Annual Survey relies heavily on the conscientious efforts of the dedicated staff members of these departments for the quality of its information. On behalf of the Annual Survey Data Committee and the Annual Survey Staff, we thank the many secretarial and administrative staff members in the mathematical sciences departments for their cooperation and assistance in responding to the survey questionnaires.

Other Data Sources

- American Association of University Professors, The Annual Report on the Economic Status of the Profession 2006-2007, Academe: Bull. AAUP (March-April 2007), Washington, DC.
- American Statistical Association, Business, Industry, and Government 2007 Salary Survey. [http://www.amstat.org/profession/SPAIGsalarysurvey07.pdf] (Published in AmstatNews, July 2007, Issue #361.)
 - , 2006–2007 Salary Report of Academic Statisticians. [http://www.amstat.org/profession/ salaryreport_acad2006-7.pdf].







Commission on Professionals in Science and Technology, Salaries of Scientists, Engineers, and Technicians: A Summary of Salary Surveys, 22nd ed., CPST, Washington, DC, 2007.

____, *Professional Women and Minorities*, 16th ed., CPST, Washington, DC, 2006.

National Research Council, *Strengthening the Linkages between the Sciences and the Mathematical Sciences*, National Academy Press, Washington, DC, 2000.

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National Science Board, *Science and Engineering Indicators*—2006 (NSB 06–01), National Science Foundation, Arlington, VA, 2006.

Definitions of the Groups

As has been the case for a number of years, much of the data in these reports is presented for departments divided into groups according to several characteristics, the principal one being the highest degree offered in the mathematical sciences. Doctoral-granting departments of mathematics are further subdivided according to their ranking of "scholarly quality of program faculty" as reported in the 1995 publication *Research-Doctorate Programs in the United States: Continuity and Change.*¹ These rankings update those reported in a previous study published in 1982.² Consequently, the departments which now compose Groups I, II, and III differ significantly from those used prior to the 1996 survey.

The subdivision of the Group I institutions into Group I Public and Group I Private was new for the 1996 survey. With the increase in number of the Group I departments from 39 to 48, the Annual Survey Data Committee judged that a further subdivision of public and private would provide more meaningful reporting of the data for these departments.

Brief descriptions of the groupings are as follows:

- Group I is composed of 48 departments with scores in the 3.00-5.00 range. Group I Public and Group I Private are Group I departments at public institutions and private institutions respectively.
- Group II is composed of 56 departments with scores in the 2.00–2.99 range.
- Group III contains the remaining U.S. departments reporting a doctoral program, including a number of departments not included in the 1995 ranking of program faculty.
- Group IV contains U.S. departments (or programs) of statistics, biostatistics, and biometrics reporting a doctoral program.
- Group V contains U.S. departments (or programs) in applied mathematics/applied science, operations research, and management science which report a doctoral program.
- Group Va is applied mathematics/applied science; Group Vb, which was no longer surveyed as of 1998-99, was operations research and management science.
- Group M contains U.S. departments granting a master's degree as the highest graduate degree.
- Group B contains U.S. departments granting a baccalaureate degree only.
- Listings of the actual departments which compose these groups are available on the AMS website at www.ams.org/employment/.

¹Research-Doctorate Programs in the United States: Continuity and Change, *edited by Marvin L. Goldberger, Brendan A. Maher, and Pamela Ebert Flattau, National Academy Press, Washington, DC, 1995.*

²*These findings were published in* An Assessment of Research-Doctorate Programs in the United States: Mathematical and Physical Sciences, *edited by Lyle V. Jones, Gardner Lindzey, and Porter E. Coggeshall, National Academy Press, Washington, DC, 1982. The information on mathematics, statistics, and computer science was presented in digest form in the April 1983 issue of the* Notices *of the AMS, pages 257-67, and an analysis of the classifications was given in the June 1983* Notices *of the AMS, pages 392-3.*