#### THE ANNUAL SALARY SURVEY

This year's Annual Salary Survey is based on returns from 438 departments in mathematics and the mathematical sciences, covering 5539 academic positions held in 1965-1966 and 6078 positions held in 1966-1967. This survey has greater coverage than those in past years because staff members with master's degrees are included as well as those with doctorates. Prior surveys excluded all instructors without doctorates but did not specifically exclude all those of professorial rank without Ph.D.'s This survey includes all staff members with Ph.D.'s in one set of categories and those with master's degrees in another.

The basis of the classification of institutions remains the same as in previous Annual Salary Surveys. Institutions are divided into two classes, institutional Members and Institutional Non-Members. Institutional Members are further divided into Group I and Group II according to the volume of their mathematical publications in the years 1959 through 1961. Group I is composed of institutions which during that time sponsored 37 1/2 more pages in journals published or subsidized by the Society. Group II comprises those institutions which sponsored fewer than 37 1/2 pages during the same period.

Each institution submitted a minimum, median, and maximum salary figure for each of four academic ranks, both for staff members with master's degrees and for those with doctorates, creating 48 categories of salary figures. However, so few universities and colleges in Group I reported professors with master's degrees that the samples were not large enough to yield significant figures, and there are no salaries reported for these groups; the same is true for instructors with Ph.D. degrees in Group II and institutions which are not members of the Society. Thus, significant data was obtained for 39 of the 48 categories.

The data presented here in each of the categories is in the range of the middle 50 percent of all salary figures received for that category. For example, the data in the following reports shows that the minimum salary during 1965-1966 for a Group I instructor with a doctorate ranges from \$7300 to \$8000, indicating that salaries in this category are greater than \$8000 at 25% of the institutions reporting and less than \$7300 at 25% of these institutions.

All salaries refer to an academic year of 9 or 10 months. Grants and contracts are included but sabbatical payments and other part-time salaries are not.

This survey is the tenth in an annual series begun in May 1957, by the Society Committee on the Economic Status of Teachers.

## INSTITUTIONAL MEMBERS OF THE SOCIETY, Group I Number of Usable Returns: 78

	Total 1	Number	SALARIES (hundreds of dollars)							
	of Staff Members		1965-1966			1966-1967				
MASTER'S DEGREE	1965-1966	6 1966-1967	Minimum	Median	Maximum	Minimum Median Ma		Maxlo	laxio	
Instructor	217	210	56- 70	63 - 76	68- 83	63 - 75	64- 80	69 -	.58	
Asst. Professor	77	72	73- 95	80- 96	81-102	71-87	80-101	85 - 1	106	
Assoc. Professor	24	26	88-106	92-110	92-113	95-114	95-118	102-	125	
Professor	$\frac{16}{334}$	$\frac{14}{322}$						*	-	
DOCTORAL DEGREE	<u>s</u>			d.						
Instructor	109	106	73- 80	75 - 85	80- 89	72-81	80-84	84-	90	
Asst. Professor	631	777	84- 90	90-100	99-113	86- 95	94-102	105 -	120	
Assoc. Professor	452	486	98-119	112-128	126-144	105-121	120-135	133-	155	
Professor	660 1852	$\frac{714}{2083}$	125-152	150-181	180-240	136-160	160-190	198-	250	

#### The Annual Salary Survey, 1966 Notices of the American Mathematical Society Volume 13, Issue 6, October 1966

# INSTITUTIONAL MEMBERS OF THE SOCIETY, Group II Number of Usable Returns: 95

	Total Number of Staff Members		SALARIES (hundreds of dollars)							
1110000000			575569576379	1965-196	6	1966-1967				
MASTER'S DEGREE	<u>1965-1966</u>	1966-1967	Minimum	Median	Maximum	Minimum	Median	Maximum		
Instructor	355	373	60- 70	65 - 73	68- 78	63 - 75	66- 77	72- 84		
Asst. Professor	234	238	71- 80	76- 87	81- 94	72- 86	80- 93	86- 99		
Assoc. Professor	115	113	83-103	91-107	95-116					
Professor	36		100-119			90-109	95-111	96-121		
	740	$\frac{40}{764}$	1 100-119	102-130	113-136	100-125	109-138	114-146		
DOCTORAL DEGREE	S									
Instructor	6	8			1	r				
Asst. Professor	260	317	83- 95	85- 98	90-107	88- 98		05 110		
Assoc. Professor	223	269	97-110	104-118			92-104	95-110		
Professor		0.000			107-120		110-122	116-135		
110100001	261	280 874	107-140	117-145	126-174	115-144	128-150	140-180		
	750	874								

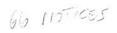
# INSTITUTIONS WHICH ARE NOT MEMBERS OF THE SOCIETY Number of Usable Returns: 265

	Total Number of Staff Members		SALARIES (hundreds of dollars)							
			1	1965-196	6	1966-1967				
MASTER'S DEGREE	1965-1966	1966-1967	Minimum	Median	Maximum	Minimum	Median	Maximum		
Instructor	507	560	60- 68	59- 80	66- 79	62- 71	65 - 76	70- 80		
Asst. Professor	507	535	68- 78	69 - 86		71- 81	77- 88	80- 95		
Assoc. Professor	219	216	78- 93	80- 95	80-102	84-100	85-105	90-111		
Professor	61	82	90-119	81-119		100-127	100-128	102-134		
	1294	1393	· 1000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000				202 201		
DOCTORAL DEGREE	<u>s</u>									
Instructor	8	11								
Asst. Professor	135	175	85 - 91	85 - 95	90-103	84- 98	89-102	97-110		
Assoc. Professor	143	170	90-105	92-110	98-117	92-110	94-115	100-124		
Professor	271	286	103-130	105-130	110-145		112-139	120-154		
	557	642				200 202	100	100 101		

### SUMMARY OF ALL INSTITUTIONS SURVEYED

Number of Usable Returns: 438

	Total Number of Staff Members		SALARIES (hundreds of dollars)							
				1965-196	6	1966-1967				
MASTER'S DEGREE	1965-1966	1966-1967	Minimum	Median	Maximum	Minimum	Median	Maximum		
Instructor	1079	1143	60- 69	62- 73	66- 79	63 - 73	65 - 77	70-83		
Asst. Professor	818	845	69 - 79	71 - 87	78- 93	72- 84	78- 90	82 - 96		
Assoc. Professor	360	355	79- 96	81-103	84-107	85-102	87-108	94-117		
Professor	$\frac{119}{2376}$	136	94-119	94-130	100-138	100-128	102-137	104-142		
	2376	2479				1 200 220	101 101	101 112		
DOCTORAL DEGREE	S									
Instructor	123	125	1 -73 - 80	77- 83	80- 90	73-80	80- 84	82- 91		
Asst. Professor	1026	1269	84- 92	88- 97	93-108	86- 96	92-102	98-113		
Assoc. Professor	822	925		101-120	106-136	99-116	106-126	114-145		
Professor	1192	1280		112-144	120-190	17 (Tr. ) 17 (Tr. )	120-170	131-206		
	3163	3599			220 150	110 144	150-110	131-200		



### STARTING SALARIES FOR MATHEMATICIANS WITH A Ph.

This survey is compiled from questionnaires sent to 733 individuals who received Ph.D. in mathematics during 1965 There were 346 usable returns plus 27 foreign returns which considered separately.

The academic life attracted the largest proportion of new Ph.D.'s in mathematics, 83. the total reporting. Of these, 74.8% were primarily engaged in teaching, 11.4% in research, 11.7% combination of these, and 2.1% were on fellowships. Universities rather than colleges attracte greater number of new Ph.D. appointments, taking almost three-quarters of the new Ph.D's in teat and all in research and fellowship appointments. Industry attracted the next largest number of Ph.D. mathematicians; however, even with its significantly higher salaries, it managed to attract 8.4% of those reporting. Research institutions and government employment, both of which also off generally higher beginning salaries than academic institutions, attracted a small 4.9% and respectively. The comparison between teaching and research appointments is of interest: while teaching appointments require the academic year only, 37% of research appointments require year.

This year 27 returns were received from individuals who went abroad upon receiving Ph.D. in mathematics. Again the academic life attracted the largest proportion of new Ph.D's, 9 of the total reporting. Of these, 34.6% were primarily engaged in teaching, 15.4% in research, 19.2 a combination of these, and 30.8% were on fellowships. Government employment attracted only 3.2 those reporting. Salaries were considerably lower abroad than in the United States; these returns therefore, not used in compiling the tables below.

Again the Northeast attracted the greatest number of new Ph.D.'s, 36.2% of the total Midwest attracted 22.7% and the Far West was next with 15.3%. The South, which last year was place in popularity, attracted only 10.7% this year, and 7.7% went to the Southwest. 7.4% were ployed abroad.

The great majority of Ph.D.'s reporting had had some degree of experience before recieving their doctorate. 53.8% had had more than one year of experience and 19.4% had had betwee and 1 year, while 26.9% had had less than 1/2 of a year's experience in their field prior to the postdoctoral appointment.

All salaries listed below are in the hundreds of dollars.

	TEACHING (Nine Month Salary)				RESEARCH (Nine Month Salary)					FELLOWSHIP (Yearly Stipend)			
Year	Min.	Median	Max.	Year	Min.	Median	Max.	Year		. Median			
1962 1963 1964 1965		70 72 79	92 95 110	1962 1963 1964	45 45 60	65 68 72	90 98 105	1963 1964	45 40	65 60			
1966	60	82 89	115 120	1965 1966	71 72	81 84	90 96	1965 1966	55 60	65 81			
(Nine	ACHING AND RESEARCH ne Month Salary)				RESEARCH (Twelve Month Salary)				TEACHING (Twelve Month Salary				
Year		Median	Max.	Year	Min.	Median	Max.	Year		Median			
1965 1966	70 73	80 89	105 120	1965 1966	81 75	93 90	107 120	1965 1966	78 80	104 105			
	ve Mon	th Salary)		RESEA (Twelv	RCH INS	TITUTES Salary)		GOVER (Twelve	NMEN Month	T n Salary)			
Year	Min.	Median	Max.	Year	Min.	Median	Max.	Year		Median			
1962 1963 1964 1965 1966	90 105 104 100 103	115 120 132 136 137	162 185 168 180 170	1962 1963 1964 1965 1966	60 55 90 75 68	100 117 118 94 135	145 135 170 121 190	1962 1963 1964 1965 1966	88 101 70 70 78	107 112 99 126 109			